TOWN OF KELLYVILLE, OKLAHOMA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2021

RALPH OSBORN
Certified Public Accountant
500 South Chestnut
Bristow, Oklahoma 74010

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Trustees Town of Kellyville, Oklahoma

I have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Kellyville, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Town of Kellyville's basic financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note A; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the presentation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statement that are free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Kellyville as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position - modified cash basis, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the basis of accounting as described in Note A.

Basis of Accounting

I draw attention to Note A of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. My opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated January 16, 2023, on my consideration of Town of Kellyville's internal control over financial reporting and my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Town of Kellyville, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Ralph Osborn

Ralph Osborn Certified Public Accountant Bristow, Oklahoma January 16, 2023

TOWN OF KELLYVILLE, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS MODIFIED CASH BASIS

JUNE 30, 2021

•	JOHL JO	Primary Government						
	,		Business					
		Governmental	Type					
			Activities	Total				
ASSETS	,	ACCIVICIES	ACCIVICIES					
Current assets:		100 000	A	A 060 0F6				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$,	\$ 77,773					
Internal balances	_	4,223	(4,223)					
Total current assets		194,506	73,550	268,056				
Restricted assets:								
Cash - debt service		_	20,630	20,630				
Cash - reserve		_						
Cubii ICBCIVC								
Total restricted assets	_		20,630	20,630				
Non-current assets: Capital assets								
Land		24,700	_	24,700				
Other capital assets net of		24,700		24,700				
Accumulated depreciation		786,520	1,608,074	2,394,594				
Accumulated depleciation	•	780,320	1,000,074	2,394,394				
Total non-current assets		811,220	1,608,074	2,419,294				
Total assets		1,005,726	1,702,254	2,707,980				
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Utility deposits		_	7,615	7,615				
Capital lease obligation		12,178	-	12,178				
Notes payable		12,170		50,000				
Notes payable	,	_	50,000	50,000				
Total current liabilities		12,178	57,615	69,793				
Non-current liabilities:								
Capital lease obligation		-	001 667	001 667				
Notes payable	•	<u> </u>	801,667	801,667				
Total non-current liabilities			801,667	801,667				
Total liabilities		12,178	859,282	871,460				
NET ASSETS								
Invested in capital assets, net related debt		700 040	756 407	1 EFE 440				
		799,042	756,407	1,555,449				
Restricted for debt service		-	20,630	20,630				
Restricted for Webco Escrow		-	-	-				
Unrestricted	•	194,506	65,935	260,441				
Motal not accets		¢ 002 E40	¢ 040 070	¢ 1 026 E20				
Total net assets	:	\$ 993,548	<u>\$ 842,972</u>	<u>y 1,030,320</u>				

TOWN OF KELLYVILLE, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES MODIFIED CASH BASIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			Progr	am Revenue	
		Charges	Operating	Capital	Net
		For	Grants and	Grants and	(Expenses)
	Expenses	Services	Contribution	ns Contributions	s Revenue
Function/Programs					
Governmental activities					
General government	\$ 142,820	\$ 1,677		•	\$ (40,885)
Public safety	249,331	98,810	4,826	•	(140,535)
Street	53,871	-	8,244		(45,627)
Culture and education	63,066	186	3,148	-	(59,732)
Parks and recreation	948	-	-	-	(948)
Legal	27,943	-	-	-	(27,943)
Cemetery	20,954	18,530			(2,424)
Total governmental		440.000	446.45		
activities	558,933	119,203	116,47	5,160	(318,094)
Business-type activities					
Sanitation	84,981	98,377	-	-	13,396
Wastewater	171,322	154,759			<u>(16,563</u>)
Total business-type					
activities	<u>256,303</u>	253,136		- - -	(3,167)
Total primary government	<u>\$ 815,236</u>	<u>\$ 372,339</u>	\$ 116,47	<u>\$ 5,160</u>	<u>\$ (321,261</u>)
			Primar	y Government	
		Govern		siness-type	
				Activities	Total
Changes in net assets:		ACCIV	TCIES	ACCIVICIES	TOTAL
changes in het assets.					
Net (expense) revenue		\$ (3	<u>18,094</u>) \$	(3,167)	<u>\$ (321,261</u>)
General revenues					
Taxes					
Sales Tax		2	45,851	_	245,851
Use Tax			98, 4 90	_	98,490
Franchise				_	
			40,810	_	40,810
Cigarette Tax			2,271	-	2,271
Gas Tax			1,937	-	1,937
Donations			6,351	-	6,351
Insurance Proceeds			7,978	-	7,978
Loss on Disposition of As	ssets		(4,050)	-	(4,050)
Other			3,914	171	4,085
Interest			78	28	106
Transfers			22,000	(22,000)	
Total general revenue and	transfers	4	25,630	(21,801)	403,829
Change in net assets		1	07,536	(24,968)	82,568
Net assets - beginning		8	86,012	867,940	1,753,952
Net assets - ending		<u>\$ 9</u>	93,548 <u>\$</u>	842,972	<u>\$ 1,836,520</u>

TOWN OF KELLYVILLE, OKLAHOMA BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

ASSETS	 General Fund	Gove	Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds	\$ 190,283 4,223	\$	190,283 4,223
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 194,506	\$	194,506
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
FUND BALANCES Unrestricted	\$ 194,506	\$	194,506
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	 194,506		194,506
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 194,506	\$	194,506

TOWN OF KELLYVILLE, OKLAHOMA RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS WITH THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Total fund balance		\$ 194,506
Amounts reported in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. Land Capital assets Accumulated depreciation	24,700 1,548,867 (762,347)	811,220
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the fund. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:		
Lease obligation		 (12,178)
Total net assets		\$ 933,548

TOWN OF KELLYVILLE, OKLAHOMA

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

				Total
		General	Go	vernmental
		Fund		Funds
Revenue				
Sales tax	\$	245,851	\$	245,851
Use tax	-	89,490	·	89,490
Franchise tax		40,810		40,810
Gasoline tax		1,937		1,937
Auto tax		8,244		8,244
Alcoholic beverage tax		12,053		12,053
Cigarette tax		2,271		2,271
Fire revenue		28,725		28,725
Cemetery services		4,780		4,780
Cemetery lot sales		13,750		13,750
License and permits		1,677		1,677
Library income		186		186
Library state-aid		3,148		3,148
CARES Act		88,205		88,205
Fire Grant		4,826		4,826
Police Grant		5,160		5,160
Fines and forfeits		70,085		70,085
Donations		6,351		6,351
Insurance proceeds		7,978		7,978
Sale of assets		400		400
Other		3,914		3,914
Interest		78		78
Total revenue		648,919		648,919
Expenditures				
Current				
General government		136,530		136,530
Public safety		243,902		243,902
Street		49,554		49,554
Culture and education		54,363		54,363
Legal		26,015		26,015
Cemetery		18,554		18,554
Parks and recreation		948		948
Total expenditures		529,866		529,866
Excess(deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		119,053		119,053
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfer in (out)		22,000		22,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		22,000		22,000
Net change in fund balance		141,053		141,053
Fund balances, beginning		53,453		53,453
Fund balances, ending	\$	194,506	\$	194,506

TOWN OF KELLYVILLE, OKLAHOMA

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

141,053 Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the combined statement of net assets and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation outlay in the period. Disposition of sold assets (4,450)Depreciation expense (52,832)Capital outlay 12,660 (33,517)The proceeds of debt issuance provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of bonds and lease obligation principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets and does not affect the statement of activity. This is the amount by which debt proceeds exceeds debt payments. Proceeds of lease purchase Debt payments 11,105 11,105

107,536

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Change in net assets

TOWN OF KELLYVILLE, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

30, 2021	Public Works
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents Total current assets	\$ 77,77 <u>3</u> 77,773
Total Callent assets	
Restricted assets:	
Cash-debt service Cash-reserve	20,630
Total restricted assets	20,630
Non-current assets	
Capital assets:	
Capital assets, net of	1 600 074
accumulated depreciation	1,608,074
Total non-current assets	1,608,074
Total assets	1,706,477
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Utility deposits	7,615
Due to other funds	4,223
Notes payable	50,000
Total current liabilities	61,838
Non-current liabilities:	
Notes payable	801,667
Total non-current liabilities	801,667
Total liabilities	<u>863,505</u>
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets, net relate debt	756,407
Restricted for debt service	20,630
Unrestricted	65,935
Net assets of business-type activities	<u>\$ 842,972</u>

TOWN OF KELLYVILLE, OKLAHOMA

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Public <u>Works</u>
OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services:	
Wastewater charges	\$ 144,632
Sanitation charges	98,377
Penalty	6,897
Sewer tap	3,230
Other	171
Total operating revenues	253,307
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Personal Services	26,786
Sanitation contractor	84,981
Maintenance and supplies	9,585
Lab fees	11,700
Repair and Maintenance	7,253
Permits	605
Office	826
Other	297
Utilities	5,701
Depreciation	80,691
Total operating expenses	228,425
Operating income (loss)	24,882
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES)	
Grant income	-
Investment income	28
Interest and fees on notes payable	(27,878)
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)	(27,850)
Income before transfers	(2,968)
Transfer in (out)	(22,000)
Change in net assets	(24,968)
Total net assets, beginning	867,940
Total net assets, ending	\$ 842,972

TOWN OF KELLYVILLE, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Public Works
Cash flows from operating activities Cash received from customers Cash to employees Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 253,607 (26,786) (120,948) 105,873
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities Transfer (to)/from other funds Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	(22,000) (22,000)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Acquisition of fixed assets Grant income Principal paid on bonds payable Interest paid on bonds payable Principal paid on notes payable Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	- (30,000) (27,878) (20,000) (77,878)
Cash flows from investing activities Interest revenue Net cash provided by investing activities	
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	6,023
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	92,380
Cash and cash equivalents, ending Reconciliation of operating income (Loss) to net cash provided by (Used) by operating activities	<u>\$ 98,403</u>
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash used by operating activities: Depreciation (Increase)/decrease in due to/from	\$ 24,882
Increase/(decrease) in meter deposits	300
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$ 105,873</u>

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Town of Kellyville, Oklahoma, was incorporated under the provisions of the laws of the State of Oklahoma. The Town operates under a Board of Trustees form of government and provides the following services: general government, public safety, public works, parks and recreation. The basic financial statements include the departments, agencies, and other organizational units over which the Board of Trustees exercise oversight responsibility. In evaluating how to define the government for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 14 and No. 39. Based on the criteria the Kellyville Public Works Authority (the Authority) is the only component unit. The definition of the financial reporting entity is primarily based on the concept of financial accountability. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government (the Town), and activities for which the primary government is financially accountable, and the activities of the Authority. Financial accountability exists if a primary government appoints a voting majority of an organizations governing body, and is either able to impose its will on the organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide a specific financial benefit to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no other entities to include in the Town financial statements.

Kellyville Public Works Authority was created under the provisions of Title 60, Sections 176 to 180, Oklahoma Statutes. The Authority is managed by a Board of Trustees made up of members of the Town Board of Trustees. The Authority operates sanitation and sewer services for the Town of Kellyville.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net assets and the statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the Town as a whole excluding fiduciary activities such as employee pension plans. The primary government and component units are presented separately within the financial statements with the focus on the primary government. Individual funds are not displayed but the statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by taxes and Town general revenues, from business-type activities, generally financed in whole or in part with fees charged to external customers.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A functional program is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include (1) charges for services which report fees, fines and forfeitures, and other charges to users of the Town services; (2) operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities including restricted investment income; and (3) capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets and include fees to developers. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these programs uses. Taxes and other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the Town are provided for governmental and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported in separate columns with composite columns for non-major funds.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements of the Town are prepared in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and which is a change from the prior year. The Town's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements and applicable Financial Accounting Standards (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The Town's reporting entity does not apply FASB pronouncements or ABP opinions issued after November 30, 1989.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the cash basis of accounting generally including the reclassification or elimination of internal activity (between or within funds). However, internal eliminations do not include utility services provided to Town departments. Reimbursements are reported as reductions to expenses. Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements and financial statements of Town component units also report using this same focus and basis of accounting although internal activity is not eliminated in these statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax revenues are recognized in the year for which they are levied while grants are recognized when grantor eligibility requirements are met.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified cash basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Operating income reported in proprietary fund financial statements include revenues and expenses related to the primary, continuing operations of the fund. Principal operating revenues for proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales or services. Principal operating expenses are the cost of providing goods or services and include administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues and expenses are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

FUND TYPES AND MAJOR FUNDS

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The general fund reports as the primary fund of the Town. This fund is used to account for all financial resources not reported in other funds.

Proprietary Funds - The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

Public Works Authority - The Authority provides certain utility services for the Town.

Budgetary Accounting and Control

The Mayor submits an annual budget to the Board of Trustees in accordance with the Oklahoma Municipal Budget Act. The budget is presented to the Board of Trustees for review, and public hearings are held to address priorities and allocation of resources. In June, the Board of Trustees adopts the annual fiscal year budgets for the Town operating funds. Once approved, the Board of Trustees may amend the legally adopted budget when unexpected modifications are required in estimated revenues and appropriations. Public trusts submit budgets and other planning documents to their respective governing bodies.

Each fund's appropriated budget is prepared on a detailed line item basis. Revenues are budgeted by sources. Expenditures are budgeted by department and class as follows: Personal services, other services and charges, supplies, capital outlay, transfers, and debt service. Budget revisions at this level are subject to final review by the Board of Trustees. The legal level of control is by department within a fund. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations at this level. Within these control levels, management may transfer appropriations without Board approval.

The budgets for the governmental funds and proprietary fund operations are prepared on the cash basis. Revenues are budgeted in the year receipt is expected; and expenditures, which include encumbrances, are budgeted in the year that the applicable purchase orders are expected to be paid. The budget and actual financial statements are reported on this basis. Unencumbered appropriations for annually budgeted funds lapse at fiscal year-end.

Investments

The Town follows Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools," which requires marketable securities to be carried at fair value. The Town considers highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations, is employed in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balances.

Inventories and Prepaids

Inventories in governmental funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption stated on a first-in, first-out basis. They are reported at cost which is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are used. Proprietary funds and similar component unit inventories are recorded at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis. The Town has not maintained inventory records, however, the value of inventory on hand at June 30, 2021 is not believed to be material.

Prepaids record payments to vendors that benefit future reporting periods and are also reported on the consumption basis. Both inventories and prepaids are similarly reported in government-wide and fund financial statements. Under the modified cash basis of accounting, prepaids are not reported. The expense is included in the period the liability is paid.

Capital Assets, Depreciation, and Amortization

The Town's property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost or at estimated historical cost for those items not previously reported and comprehensively reported in the government-wide financial statements. The Town maintains infrastructure assets records consistent with all other capital assets. Proprietary and component unit capital assets are also reported in their respective fund and combining component units financial statements. Donated assets are stated at fair value on the date donated. The Town generally capitalizes assets with cost of \$2,500 or more as purchase and construction outlay occur. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the assets value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets, including those of component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are moved from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations.

Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follow:

Buildings	5-60
Improvements, other than buildings	2-50
Mobile equipment	3-40
Furniture , machinery, and equipment	3-30
Utility system	5-60

Compensated Absences

Full-time, permanent employees are granted personal leave in varying amounts to specified maximums depending on tenure with the Town. Under the modified cash basis of accounting, no accruals are recorded for compensated absences.

Reserves and Designations

Reserves represent those portions of fund balance not available for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the modified cash basis requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE B - DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of failure of counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its deposits or investments. Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured and uncollateralized. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the Town, and are held by counterparty or the counterparty's trust department but not in the name of the Town. The Town's policy requires that all deposits and investments in excess of amounts covered by federal deposit insurance be fully collateralized by the entity holding the deposits or investments. As of June 30, 2021, all of the Towns deposits and investments were either covered by federal deposit insurance or were fully collateralized.

Deposits

The Town had deposits at financial institutions with a carrying amount of approximately \$288,686 at June 30, 2021. The bank balance of the deposits at June 30, 2021 was approximately \$275,145.

Credit Risk

Fixed-income securities are subject to credit risk. However, the Town did not have fixed income securities at June 30, 2021.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Board of Trustees monitor's the investment performance on an ongoing basis to limit the Town's interest rate risk. As of June 30, 2021, the Town's deposits consisted of demand deposits and certificates of deposit with a maturity of 12 months or less.

NOTE C - RESTRICTED CASH

The Authority has reported the following as restricted cash:

Debt service	\$ 20,630
Reserve	-
Total	\$ 20,630

The debt service and reserve funds are held by a trustee bank in conjunction with the note payable listed in Note E. The debt service money is limited to use in retiring note principle and paying note interest.

NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following table provides a summary of changes in capital assets:

CAPITAL ASSETS, DEPRECIATED										
		Infrastructure & Furniture,								
			Impro	vements	Ma	chinery,			Ass	ets Not
			Othe	r Than		And			Dep	reciated
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	Buile	dings	Bui	ldings	Ec	quipment		Totals		Land
Governmental activities										
Balance, June 30, 2020	\$ 78	36,837	\$	13,650	\$	753,520	\$	1,554,007	\$	24,700
Increases		-		_		12,660		12,660		_
Decreases						(17,800)		(17,800)		
Balance, June 30, 2021	78	36,837		13,650		786,479		1,548,867		24,700
Accumulated Depreciation										
Balance, June 30, 2020	28	38,376		13,650		420,839		722,865		
Increase		L6,481		_		36,351		52,832		
Decreases						(13,350)		(13,350)		
Balance, June 30, 2021	3(04,857		13,650		443,840		762,347		
Governmental activities										
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 48	31,980	\$		\$	304,540	\$	786,520	\$	24,700
Business-type activities										
Balance, June 30, 2020	\$	-	\$2,	935,210	\$	125,820	\$	3,061,030	\$	_
Increases		-		_		_		_		_
Decreases										
Balance, June 30, 2021			2,	935,210		125,820		3,061,030		
Accumulated Depreciation										
Balance, June 30, 2020		-	1,	303,955		68,310		1,372,265		
Increase		-		72,136		8,555		80,691		
Decreases		_								
Balance, June 30, 2021			1,	376,091		76,865		1,452,956		
Business-type Activities										
Capital Assets, Net	\$		\$1,	559,119	\$	48,955	\$	1,608,074	\$	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT										
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 48	<u>31,980</u>	<u>\$1,</u>	559,119	\$	353,495	\$	2,394,594	\$	24,700

DEPRECIATION EXPENSE

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

General Government	\$ 6,290	Wastewater	\$ 80,691
Public Safety	29,194		
Street	4,317		
Culture and education	8,703		
Legal	1,928		
Cemetery	2,400		

NOTE E - PROPRIETARY FUND BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE

On August 1, 2018, the Authority issued revenue bonds in the amount of \$770,000 for the purpose of providing advanced refunding of the 2007 Revenue Bonds and construction costs related to waste water system improvements. The 2018 Revenue Bonds are secured by a pledge of the gross revenues derived from the Authority's operation of the Utility system, all rights, titles and interest of the Authority in and to the Utility system, and all funds and accounts created by the bond indenture. Interest on the 2018 Revenue Bonds is payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1. The bond redemption occurs annually and began on December 1, 2018, continuing for twenty years. The balance of the bond at June 30, 2021 was \$700,000.

During fiscal year 2008, the Authority entered into a zero percent note payable through the Oklahoma Department of Commerce for the amount of \$400,000 payable in monthly payments of \$1,667 beginning in March of 2009. The balance of this note at June 30, 2021 was \$151,667.

The following is a summary of bonds and notes payable transactions for the year ended June 30, 2021.

	Payable at		Addition/		Balance at	
	Jul	y 1, 2020	Ret	irements	June	30, 2021
2018 Revenue Bond Payable	\$	730,000	\$	(30,000)	\$	700,000
Ok Department of Commerce		171,667		(20,000)		151,667
Total	\$	901,667	\$	(50,000)	\$	851,667

Principal and interest payments to retire the bond and note are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	<u>Totals</u>	
2022	\$ 50,000	\$ 25,710	\$ 75,710	
2023	50,000	24,735	74,735	
2024	50,000	23,685	73,685	
2025	50,000	22,460	72,460	
2026	55,000	21,235	76,235	
2027-2031	256,667	84,760	341,427	
2032-2036	335,000	39,700	374,700	
Total	<u>\$ 851,667</u>	<u>\$ 242,285</u>	<u>\$1,093,952</u>	

The Authority paid interest and fees in the amount of \$27,878 on its outstanding note during the fiscal year.

NOTE F - DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE

The revenue bond indenture requires the Authority maintain a schedule of rates and charges for services rendered through the Systems which will provide annually a sum equal to not less than one and on-fourth (1.25) times the average annual amount required to be paid in cash for the fiscal year of the Authority into the Sinking Fund for the bonds and any indebtedness secured equally with the Bonds in cash, after paying or providing for the payment of and all costs and expenses of operation and maintenance of the Systems. The ratio for the current year is calculated as follows:

Operating income	\$ 24,882
Depreciation	 80,691
Net revenue	\$ 105,573
Average annual amount to be paid	\$ 56,878
Ratio	L.86 to <u>1</u>

The Town was in compliance.

NOTE G - CAPITAL LEASES

The Town and the Public Works Authority have entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of equipment. The lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes since title transfers at the end of the lease term and it has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments. The leases contain a clause which gives the Town and Authority the ability to terminate the lease agreement at the end of each fiscal year.

Capital lease transactions for the year ended June 30, 2021 are as follows:

	-	ole at 1, 2020	Add:	itions	Ret	<u>irements</u>	_	lance at 30, 2021
Dodge Charger Dodge Charger	•	10,866 12,417	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	(5,331) (5,774)	\$	5,535 6,643
	\$	23,283	\$		\$	(11,105)	\$	12,178

The schedule of future minimum lease payments under the capital leases and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at June 30, is as follows:

Year Ending			
<u>June 30</u>	Police Vehicle	Police Vehicle	Total
2022	\$ 5,744	\$ 6,745	<u>\$ 11,989</u>
Total minimum lease payment Less: Amount representing	5,744	6,745	11,989
interest	209	102	311
Total	\$ 5,535	\$ 6,643	\$ 12,178

NOTE H - PENSION OBLIGATIONS

The Town participates in one pension plan.

Oklahoma Firefighter's Pension and Retirement System

The Town participates in this statewide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer benefit plan on behalf of firefighters. The system is administered by an agency of the State of Oklahoma and funded by contributions from participants, employers, insurance premium taxes, and state appropriations, as necessary. The following is a summary of eligibility factors, contribution methods, and benefit provisions.

	Oklahoma Firefighter's Pension And Retirement System
Eligibility to Participate	All full-time or voluntary Firefighters of a participating Municipality hired before age 45
Authority establishing contribution obligations and benefit provisions	State Statute
Plan members' contribution rate	8% of covered payroll
Town's contribution rate	13% of covered payroll/\$60 per volunteer
Period required to vest	10 years
Benefits and eligibility for distribution (full time)	20 years credited service, 2 ½% Of final average salary multiplied By the years of credited service with A maximum of 30 years considered; If vested, at or after age 50, or After 10 but before 20 years of Credited service, with reduced benefits
Benefits and eligibility for distribution (Volunteer)	20 years credited service equal to \$5.46 per month per year of service With a maximum of 30 Years considered
Deferred retirement option	Yes, 20 years credited service with Continued service for 30 or more years
Provisions for:	-
Cost of living adjustments	
(normal retirement)	Yes, if vested by 5/83
Death (duty, non-duty,	
post-retirement)	Yes
Disability	Yes
Cost of living allowances	Yes

Contributions required by State Statue:

Fiscal	Required	Percentage
<u>Year</u>	Contribution	Contributed
2021	\$ 1,380	100%
2020	1,260	100%
2019	1,320	100%

NOTE I - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town carries commercial insurance for risk of loss, including workers' compensation. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE J - FEDERAL AND STATE GRANTS

In the normal course of operations, the Town receives grant funds from various federal and state agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authorities the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of the funds. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as the result of these audits is not believed to be material.

NOTE K - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events and contingencies through January 16, 2023, the date which financial statements were available. The Town believes there are no events requiring disclosure.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Trustees Town of Kellyville Kellyville, Oklahoma

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Kellyville, Oklahoma, modified cash basis, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Town of Kellyville's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated January 16, 2023.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Town of Kellyville's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Kellyville's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion of the effectiveness of Town of Kellyville's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Town of Kellyville, Oklahoma's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of the Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sincerely,

Ralph Osborn

Certified Public Accountant

Ralph Osborn

Bristow, Oklahoma January 16, 2023